# STATISTICAL MOLECULAR THERMODYNAMICS

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Video 8.6

Natural Independent Variables

## WORKING WITH THE SIMPLEST FORMS

dU = TdS - PdV (first and second laws)

If we consider *S* and *V* as independent variables of *U*, the coefficients of dS and dV are *simple* thermodynamic functions.

$$dU = \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial S}\right)_V dS + \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial V}\right)_S dV \qquad \Longrightarrow \qquad \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial S}\right)_V = T \qquad \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial V}\right)_S = -P$$

Compare with, say, V and T as independent variables:

$$dU = \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial V}\right)_T dV + \left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial T}\right)_V dT$$
  
see Video 8.3  
$$= \left[T\left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial T}\right)_V - P\right] dV + C_V dT \qquad \begin{array}{c} \text{considerably} \\ \text{more complex} \end{array}$$

We thus refer to S and V as the natural independent variables of U

#### DIFFERENTIALS TO DATE

Start from the first and second laws: dU = TdS - PdV

Add d(PV) to both sides:  $\longrightarrow dH = TdS + VdP$ d(U+PV) = TdS - PdV + VdP + PdV

Subtract d(TS) from both sides:  $\longrightarrow dA = -SdT - PdV$ d(U-TS) = TdS - PdV - TdS - SdT

Add d(PV) and subtract  $d(TS) \longrightarrow dG = -SdT + VdP$ from both sides: d(U+PV-TS) = TdS-PdV+VdP+PdV-TdS-SdT

(All from the 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> laws and definitions of H, A, and G)

#### NATURAL INDEPENDENT VARIABLES

Function	Differential	Variables
U	dU = TdS - PdV -	$\rightarrow S \text{ and } V$
S	$dS = \frac{1}{T}dU + \frac{P}{T}dV - \frac{P}{T}dV -$	$\rightarrow U$ and V
Н	dH = TdS + VdP -	$\rightarrow S \text{ and } P$
A	dA = -SdT - PdV -	$\rightarrow T$ and V
G	dG = -SdT + VdP -	$\rightarrow T$ and P

## ASSOCIATED MAXWELL RELATIONS

<b>Function</b>	<b>Differential</b>	Maxwell relation
U	dU = TdS - PdV	$\left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial V}\right)_{S} = -\left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial S}\right)_{V}$
Н	dH = TdS + VdP	$\left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial P}\right)_{S} = \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial S}\right)_{P}$
A	dA = -SdT - PdV	$\left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial V}\right)_T = \left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial T}\right)_V$
G	$dG = -SdT + VdP$ $\uparrow$	$\left(\frac{\partial S}{\partial P}\right)_T = -\left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T}\right)_P$ $\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow$