Molecules from Atoms

Lewis Dot Structures: Every valence electron illustrated by a dot.

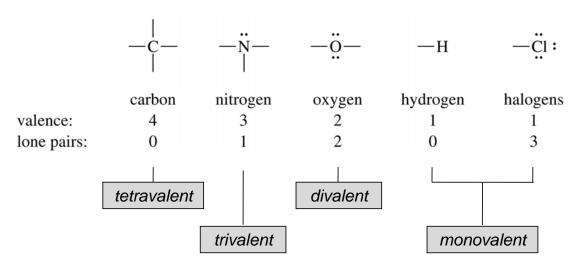
Octet Rule: Atoms share (by *covalent* bonding), donate or accept electrons to achieve a filled outer shell of electrons.

For $2s^22p^6$ or $3s^23p^6$ elements, this shell has 8 electrons. (Thus "octet".)

H $(1s^1)$ only needs 2 electrons.

Lewis Dash-Bond Structures: Bonds illustrated by lines. (Lone pairs stay dots.)

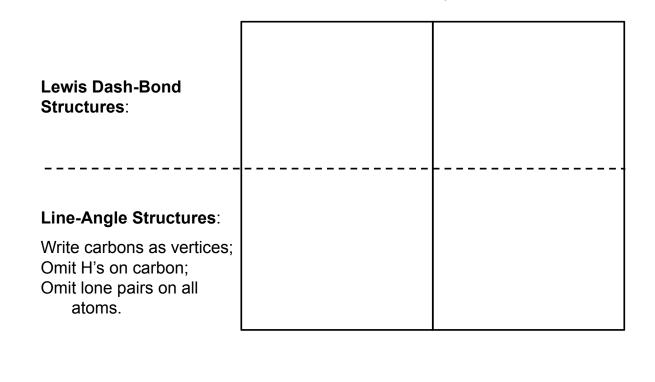
Typical Valencies and Bonding Patterns



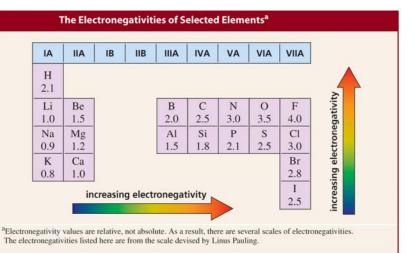
Bonding configurations that fill octets:

Practice Drawing Chemical Structures

How many ways could you draw C_2H_5N ? Try two.

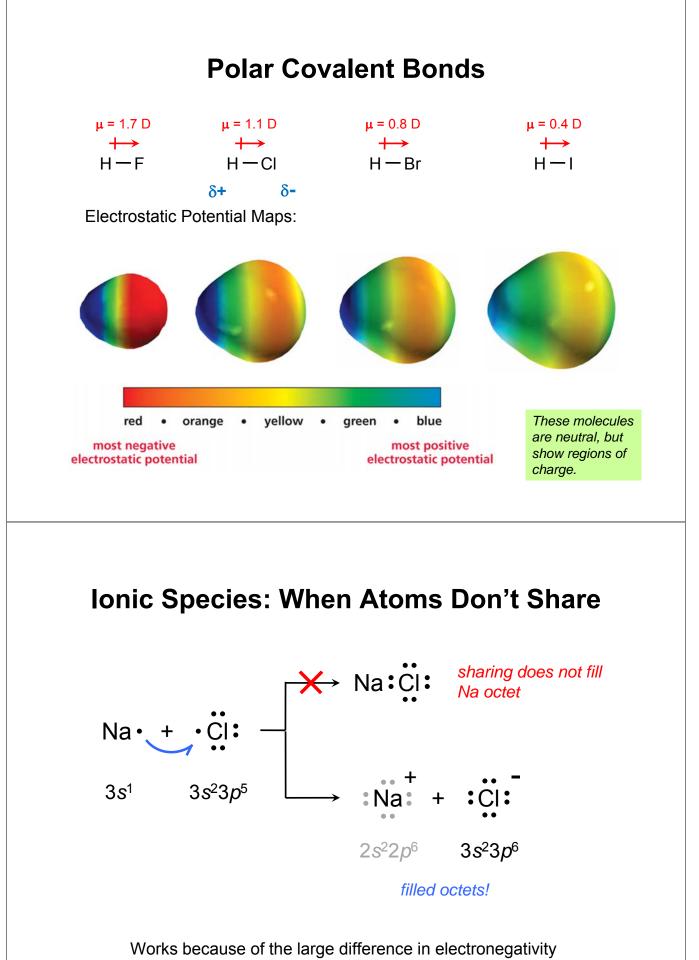


Polar Covalent Bonds



	The Dipole Moments of Some Commonly Encountered Bonds		
Bond	Dipole moment (D)	Bond	Dipole moment (D)
н-с	0.4	С-С	0
H - N	1.3	C-N	0.2
H-O	1.5	C-O	0.7
H-F	1.7	C-F	1.6
H—Cl	1.1	C-Cl	1.5
H—Br	0.8	C-Br	1.4
н—і	0.4	С—І	1.2

Electronegativity dictates how equally electrons are "shared" in bonds

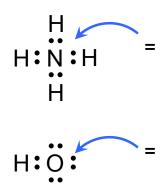


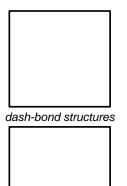
between Na and Cl.

Formal Charge in Organic Structures

Formal Charge: Difference between number of valence electrons and "owned" electrons.

= (# valence e^-) – (# lone pair e^-) – $\frac{1}{2}$ (# bonding e^-)





Tip: When # of bonds varies from typical valency, atom is probably charged.

Resonance Structures

Resonance Forms: For a given molecular structure, different ways of placing electrons.

Example: How would you draw [(CH₃)₂COH]⁺ ?

What are positive, negative features of these resonance forms?

What does this mean for electronic distribution in molecule?

Resonance Structures

- Resonance structures are related by pushing pairs of electrons—lone pairs or multiple bonds— from one location to an adjacent location.
- So, wherever there is a lone pair or a multiple bond, there is the opportunity for resonance.

Major and Minor Resonance Contributors

Resonance rules of thumb:

- 1. Filled octets are better than unfilled. (*Note:* Cannot over-fill octet.)
- 2. More bonds are better than fewer.
- Matching charge and electronegativity (+ with electropositive, - with electronegative) is better than mismatching.
- 4. No charge is better than multiple charges.

