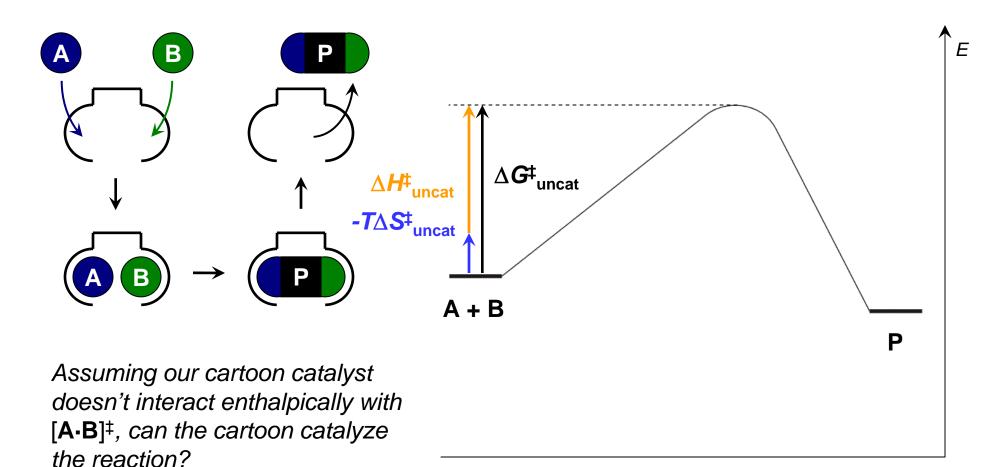
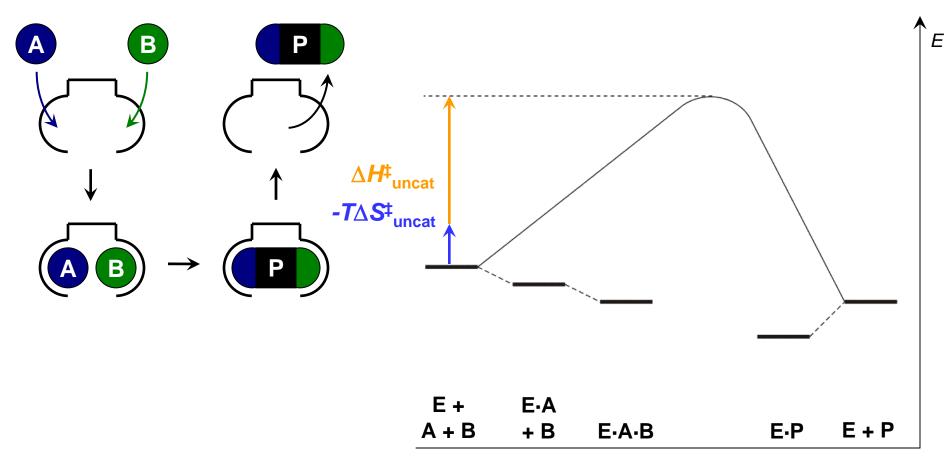
Can catalysts function by improving only ΔS^{\ddagger} ?

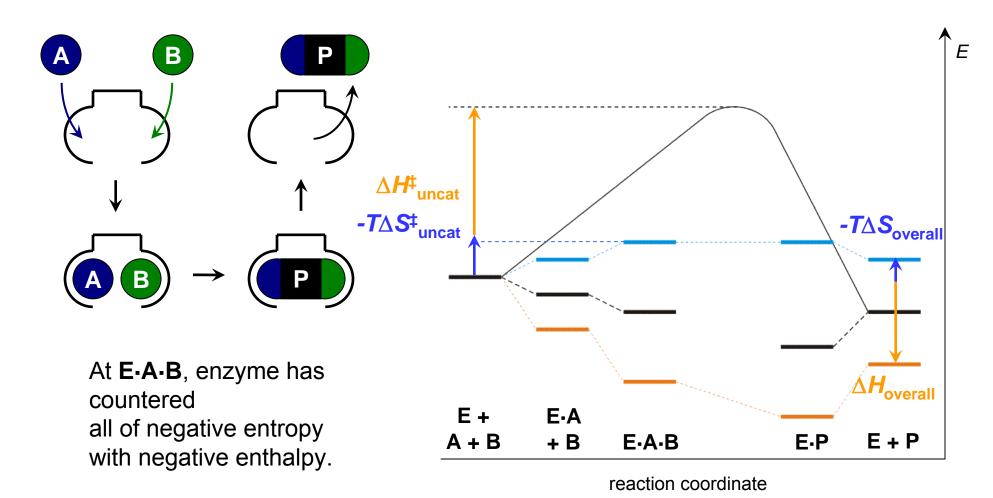


Can catalysts function by improving only ΔS^{\ddagger} ?

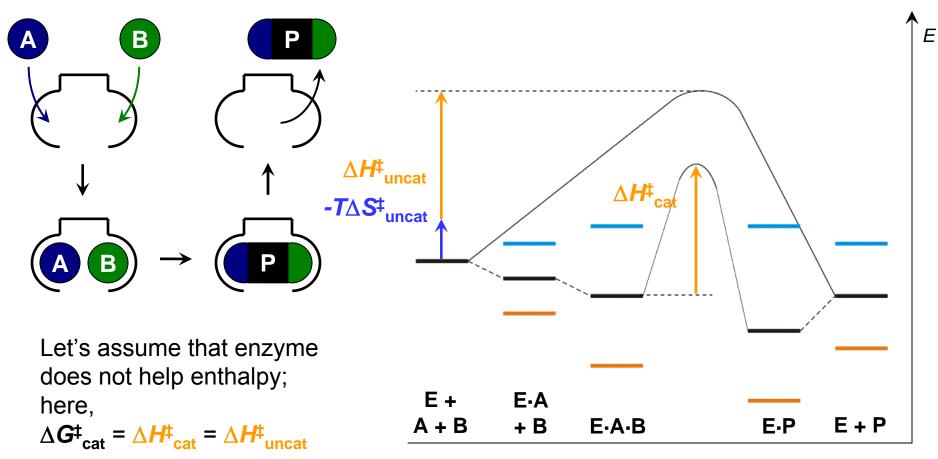


reaction coordinate

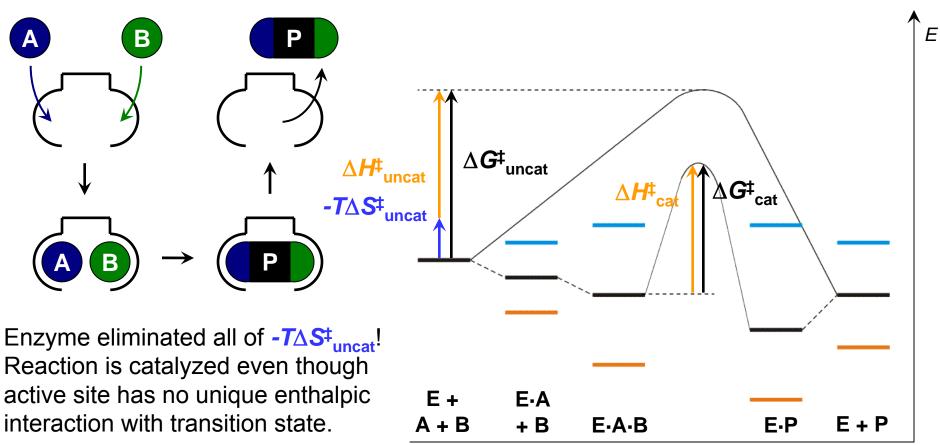
Can catalysts function by improving only ΔS^{\ddagger} ?



Can catalysts function by improving only ΔS^{\ddagger} ?

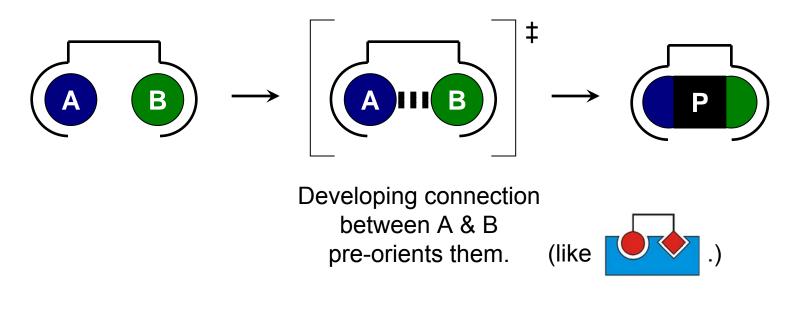


Can catalysts function by improving only ΔS^{\ddagger} ? Yes. (To an extent.)



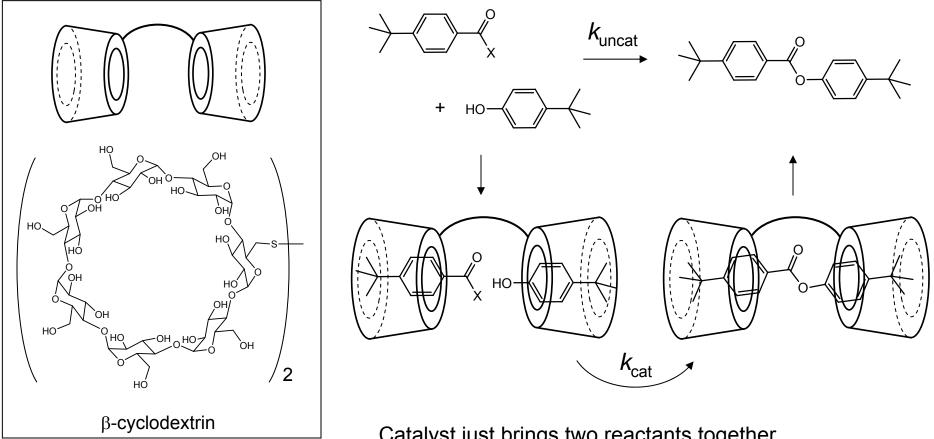
Entropic Catalysis: Cooperativity and Effective Molarity

How can entropy alone stabilize transition state? *Chelate effect (cooperativity).*



In this case, for bimolecular reaction, k_{cat} measured in sec⁻¹, k_{uncat} measured in M⁻¹ sec⁻¹,

So k_{cat}/k_{uncat} is expressed in **M**; is "effective molarity".

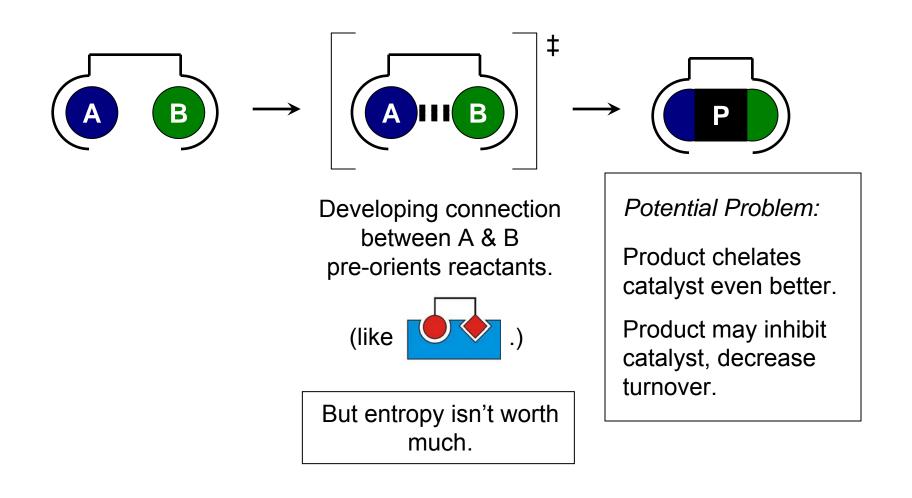


Breslow, R. et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1989**, *111*, 8296-8297.

Catalyst just brings two reactants together. Binds transition state better than starting materials, so $k_{\rm cat}/k_{\rm uncat} \approx 50$ M.

Entropic Catalysis Alone Is Not Very Effective

How can entropy alone stabilize transition state? Chelate effect (cooperativity).



Entropic Catalysis Alone Is Not Very Effective

